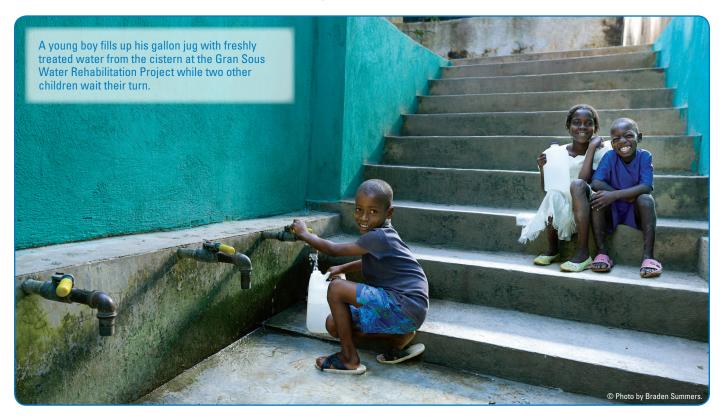
Digging Deep

Equipment from Neptune[™] Chemical Pump Helps Roots of Development Complete Water-rehabilitation Project in Gran Sous, Haiti

By Mike Dowse



The signature on Chad Bissonnette's e-mail account ends with five words written in Creole: Men anpil, chay pa lou. It is an old Haitian proverb that means "Many hands make the load lighter" and speaks to the importance of communal strength based on effective communication and mutual respect. Little did Bissonnette know how much legwork would be needed to make that proverb a reality for a small community in that Caribbean island nation.

Bissonnette is the Executive Director and co-founder of *Roots of Development* (www.rootsofdevelopment.org), a non-profit organization based in Washington D.C. whose mission is to help the impoverished communities of Haiti obtain the resources they need to sustainably manage their own development, with an emphasis placed on alternative, grassroots and community-driven approaches to rural development. The seeds of *Roots of Development* were actually planted five years ago when Bissonnette – then a college student at American University

in Washington, DC – signed up for an alternative springbreak program that involved a trip to Haiti.

Haiti is a country of roughly 9 million residents that occupies the western half of the island of Hispaniola, which it shares with the Dominican Republic. According to the Human Development Index, Haiti is the poorest country in the Western Hemisphere, with 80 percent of its population estimated to be living in poverty. The state of the island and its people, as well as their never-say-die attitude, left a deep impression on Bissonnette, so when he graduated from American University he made a return trip to learn more about the culture and the people, as well as the challenges they face on a daily basis.

On his second trip to La Gonave, an island approximately 50 miles off of the capital Port-au-Prince, Bissonnette decided that he had to do something to help the residents of Gran Sous improve their daily lives. He met with members of a local community development group called



AAPLAG, the Association of Community Organizers and Peasants of La Gonave, to share his decision. Working collectively with community residents and members of AAPLAG, it was determined that the most pressing need of the residents of Gran Sous was access to clean, treated water. Upon his return, Bissonnette began to formalize an outreach and fundraising plan that would result in clean water being available to all members of the community.

The Gran Sous Water Rehabilitation Project

Throughout time, the residents of Gran Sous and the surrounding area would gather the water they needed from an aboveground freshwater spring. While the spring – which is the largest on the island of La Gonave – offered a never-ending supply of water, the water it produced, in scientific terms, was not fit for human consumption as it had extremely elevated levels of fecal coliform, total coliform, nitrates, nitrites, and alkalinity.

But when this is the only source available for bathing, drinking, cooking and cleaning there is not much choice but to use and consume the water while risking illness and disease. Taking note of the terrain and the needs of the community, Roots of Development helped conceive a plan that required an 18,000-liter cistern to be built in Gran Sous that would gather a portion of the spring's water (with the remaining portion left to flow freely for livestock use and agricultural purposes) and distribute it for use by the villagers. A series of pipes stretching 250 feet would divert

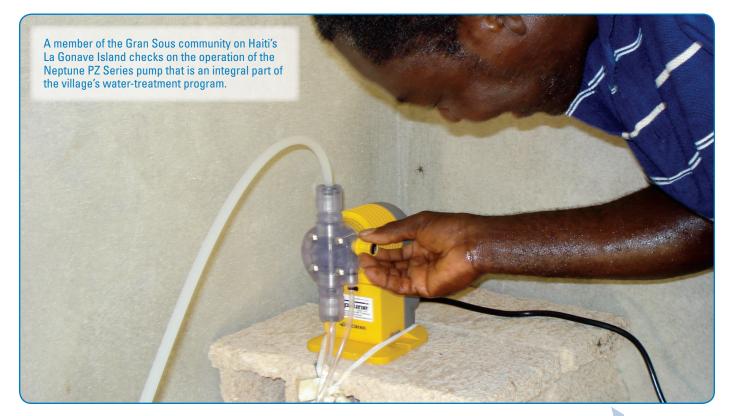
the water from the spring to the cistern, where it would be treated with sodium hypochlorite. A series of faucets would be installed at the base of the cistern so residents could come to draw water as they needed it. Treated water would also be directed to three other areas – a men's bathing area, a women's bathing area and an area that would be used for washing clothes.

With community members and AAPLAG on board and the bulk of the funds needed for the project raised through donations, construction began in 2007. The project was completed in 2008 with the help of three volunteer engineers from Ecuador who were flown in for the more complicated aspects. When the water began flowing through the cistern, tests showed that the levels of contaminants had been reduced to zero, meaning that for the first time in the community's history, its residents were drinking clean, treated, healthy water.

The Rest of the Story

But there was one hiccup in the operation – the technology being used to deliver the sodium hypochlorite to the water was inefficient and prone to malfunction.

"It was very difficult to find the right kind of device to do what we were looking for," said Bissonnette. "First, we were using an intravenous drip like you'd see in a hospital, but that was very unreliable and not designed to do highquality treatment of an 18,000-liter (4,800-gallon) tank.



"Then we tried a device that works with two containers. We'd mix the concentrate in one container, then have it drip into the second container through a thin rubber hose, but it was very difficult to control the flow at the rate that we wanted."

In the search for a solution, Bissonnette called on the expertise of friend and colleague Geoffrey Kurgan, an engineer who works for The World Bank. Kurgan visited the site and determined that the best solution would be to use a metering pump to introduce the sodium hypochlorite to the water supply at a regulated flow rate.

In researching the type of pump that could do the job, Kurgan came across the name of the Neptune $^{\text{\tiny TM}}$ Chemical Pump Co., Lansdale, PA.

"The people from *Roots of Development* called Neptune and Neptune passed it along to me as their representative," explained David Kershner, Director of Aftermarket Sales for Kershner Environmental Technologies, LLC, Reisterstown, MD, a long-time distributor of Neptune products. "They had a ton of questions for me about the technology, about the pumps, how to do it, how to figure out the dosages. I gave them a rundown of the different pumps out there

Rolling With The Punches

Haiti just can't catch a break. Weeks after the Gran Sous Water Rehabilitation Project on the island of La Gonave was completed in 2008, the country was inundated by a series of four hurricanes, destroying entire communities and leaving thousands homeless.

Again, *Roots of Development* stepped into the breach and, working with island volunteers, rebuilt several houses, all of which were designed to withstand future hurricanes.

Hurricanes, however, were the least of Haiti's problems on Jan. 12, 2010, when a 7.0-magnitude earthquake centered near the capital of Port-Au-Prince rocked the country. The earthquake affected an estimated 3 million of the country's 9 million residents, with government figures putting the number killed at more than 230,000, while 1 million have been left homeless.

Earthquake damage in Gran Sous on the island of La Gonave was minimal, but the effects were felt nonetheless.

"There was little structural damage in the area, but the biggest consequence in that community was the extraordinary amount of people who came from the city in droves," said Chad Bissonnette, Executive Director of *Roots of Development*. "Supplies were cut off from the mainland and food and construction materials were not coming to the island, so hunger became a serious issue quickly."

If there was one silver lining, it's that the houses that were constructed following the 2008 hurricanes emerged unscathed – "Not a single home had a crack in it," marveled Bissonnette – while there was also no damage or interruption in the water-sanitizing operations at the Gran Sous Water Rehabilitation Project, which allowed refugees from the earthquake to access fresh, clean, treated water.





The island nation of Haiti – the Western Hemisphere's poorest country – has been the victim of an unprecedented string of natural disasters in recent years. The latest was a 7.0-magnitude earthquake that struck on Jan. 12, 2010, leaving more than 1 million residents homeless.



and told them why a Neptune pump was a good pump and the best choice for their operation."

What Kershner recommended was a Neptune PZ Series electronic diaphragm metering pump. The PZ pump is ideal

for the Gran Sous project because its "pulse" metering design operates on any single-phase voltage from 94 VAC to 264 VAC, which is a crucial consideration since the pump would be operating on solar-powered batteries. The pump's manual stroke-length adjustment ranges from 50% to 100% with proportional control, cycle and counter functions built into the unit. The PZ VFC Model is perfect for

general chemical applications,



Electronic Diaphragm Pump

which fit the bill for the Gran Sous operation. KET sold the pump to *Roots of Development* at a discounted price and also donated a spare-parts kit that could be kept on hand in case any maintenance was required.

So, armed with the PZ Series VFC Model pump, Bissonnette returned to Gran Sous this summer intent on delivering the solution to the project's sodium hypochlorite-metering conundrum. To say that the results have exceeded expectations would be an understatement.

"We had been looking for a solution for a year-and-a-half and the Neptune device has been perfect," said Bissonnette. "It's been in operation for a few months and we can rely on it, which is what our biggest concern was. It was very easy to install, very easy to use for the man who is in charge of monitoring the project; it's doing exactly what we needed it to do, which is inject the chemical solution at the same rate that the water flows into the tank. It has produced a lot of confidence in the community members responsible for managing the facility and treating the water."

Conclusion

Many different hands have helped lighten the load for the residents of Gran Sous – from those who were on the ground in Haiti during the construction of the cistern to

those who reached into their wallets and donated the much-needed funds. In fact, the Gran Sous Water Rehabilitation Project, thanks to the efforts of hundreds of people, has been such a success that Bissonnette foresees an eventual series of water projects springing from this effort.

"More and more people are traveling from farther and farther away to get to the water, so neighboring communities are asking us to help them with their water resources," said Bissonnette, who noted that the 18,000-liter storage cistern now needs to be refilled every two days. "We have already done some preliminary planning for a water project in the community of Nan Plim."

After the success of the Gran Sous project, it's safe to say that any future projects will likely include Neptune pumps, where applicable.

"They said the next time they do a water system they would definitely call us and that they really like the Neptune pump," said Kershner. "In fact, they have invited us to Washington to do a presentation on Neptune and some of the other technologies that would require a Neptune pump. They are also connecting us with a group called Engineers Without Borders-DC."

Engineers Without Borders-DC is a non-profit, volunteer group modeled after Doctors Without Borders, with branches throughout the United States. The DC branch is currently involved in multiple water projects in El Salvador.

"It's exciting to realize that my job can have more of a global impact than I ever anticipated," Kershner concluded.

For more information on *Roots of Development* and the charitable works it is doing on the island nation of Haiti, please visit www.rootsofdevelopment.org.

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