# PV8/PV15 LSH

Saniflo™ Series **METAL** Pumps

## **EOM**

Engineering Operation & Maintenance





## PROFLO V

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1	CAUTIONS—READ FIRST!
SECTION 2	WILDEN PUMP DESIGNATION SYSTEM
SECTION 3	HOW IT WORKS—PUMP & AIR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
SECTION 4	DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS4
SECTION 5	PERFORMANCE  A. PV8 Performance Curves  Rubber-Fitted
SECTION 6	SUGGESTED INSTALLATION, OPERATION & TROUBLESHOOTING13
SECTION 7	ASSEMBLY / DISASSEMBLY
SECTION 8	EXPLODED VIEW & PARTS LISTING  PV8 Vertically Mounted Side Ported Manifold
SECTION 9	ELASTOMER OPTIONS32









#### CAUTIONS—READ FIRST!

- **CAUTION**: Do not apply compressed air to the exhaust port pump will not function.
- **CAUTION:** Do not over-lubricate air supply excess lubrication will reduce pump performance. Pump is pre-lubed.
- TEMPERATURE LIMITS:

Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) 4.4°C to 104.4°C 40

4.4°C to 104.4°C 40°F to 220°F Polyurethane –12.2°C to 65.6°C 10°F to 150°F Tetra-Flex™ PTFE w/Neoprene Backed

4.4°C to 107.2°C 40°F to 225°F

Tetra-Flex™ PTFE w/Nordel® Backed

-10°C to 137°C 14°F to 280°F

NOTE: Not all materials are available for all models. Refer to Section 2 for material options for your pump.

- **CAUTION:** When choosing pump materials, be sure to check the temperature limits for all wetted components. Example: Viton® has a maximum limit of 176.7°C (350°F) but polypropylene has a maximum limit of only 79°C (175°F).
- CAUTION: Maximum temperature limits are based upon mechanical stress only. Certain chemicals will significantly reduce maximum safe operating temperatures. Consult Chemical Resistance Guide (E4) for chemical compatibility and temperature limits.
- warning: Prevention of static sparking If static sparking occurs, fire or explosion could result. Pump, valves, and containers must be grounded to a proper grounding point when handling flammable fluids and whenever discharge of static electricity is a hazard.
- CAUTION: Do not exceed 8.6 bar (125 psig) air supply pressure.
- **CAUTION:** The process fluid and cleaning fluids must be chemically compatible with all wetted pump components. Consult Chemical Resistance Guide (E4).

- **CAUTION**: Do not exceed 82°C (180°F) air inlet temperature for Pro-Flo V™ models.
- **CAUTION:** Pumps should be thoroughly flushed before installing into process lines. FDA and USDA approved pumps should be cleaned and/ or sanitized before being used.
- CAUTION: Always wear safety glasses when operating pump. If diaphragm rupture occurs, material being pumped may be forced out air exhaust.
  - CAUTION: Before any maintenance or repair is attempted, the compressed air line to the pump should be disconnected and all air pressure allowed to bleed from pump. Disconnect all intake, discharge and air lines. Drain the pump by turning it upside down and allowing any fluid to flow into a suitable container.
- **CAUTION:** Blow out air line for 10 to 20 seconds before attaching to pump to make sure all pipeline debris is clear. Use an in-line air filter. A 5μ (micron) air filter is recommended.
- NOTE: When installing Teflon® diaphragms, it is important to tighten outer pistons simultaneously (turning in opposite directions) to ensure tight fit. (See torque specifications in Section 7.)
- NOTE: Cast Iron Teflon®-fitted pumps come standard from the factory with expanded Teflon® gaskets installed in the diaphragm bead of the liquid chamber. Teflon® gaskets cannot be reused. Consult PS-TG for installation instructions during reassembly.
- **NOTE**: Before starting disassembly, mark a line from each liquid chamber to its corresponding air chamber. This line will assist in proper alignment during reassembly.
  - CAUTION: Pro-Flo® pumps cannot be used in submersible applications. Pro-Flo V™ is available in both submersible and non-submersible options. Do not use non-submersible Pro-Flo V™ models in submersible applications. Turbo-Flo® pumps can also be used in submersible applications.
- **CAUTION**: Tighten all hardware prior to installation.





**FLANGE GASKETS** 

TF = TEFLON® PTFE

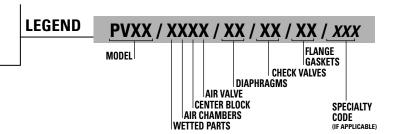
FB = FOOD-GRADE BUNA-N

FE = FOOD-GRADE NORDEL®

#### WILDEN PUMP DESIGNATION SYSTEM

## PV8/PV15 METAL SANIFLO LSH

51 mm & 76 mm (2" & 3") Pump Maximum Flow Rate: 931 LPM (246 GPM)



#### **MATERIAL CODES**

#### MODEL

PV8 = 51 mm (2") PV15 = 76 mm (3")

#### **WETTED PARTS**

S = 316L STAINLESS STEEL

#### **AIR CHAMBERS**

N = NICKEL PLATED ALUMINUM

#### **CENTER BLOCK**

N = NICKEL PLATED ALUMINUM

#### **AIR VALVE**

N = NICKEL PLATED ALUMINUM

#### DIAPHRAGMS

FB = FDA BUNA-N (2 Red Dots) FE = FDA NORDEL® (2 Blue Dots)

FG = SANIFLEX<sup>TM</sup> [Hytrel® (Cream)]

FW = FDA WIL-FLEXTM

[Santoprene® (Off-white Dot)]

TF = TEFLON® PTFE (White) UB = ULTRA-FLEX™

BUNA-N (Red Dot) UE = ULTRA-FLEX™

NORDEL® (Blue Dot)

#### **CHECK VALVES**

FB = FDA BUNA-N BALL

FE = FDA NORDEL® BALL

FG = SANIFLEX™ BALL

FV = FDA VITON® BALL

FW = FDA WIL-FLEX™

(Santoprene®) BALL

TF = TEFLON® PTFE BALL

TM = TEFLON® PTFE MUSHROOM

SF = 316L STAINLESS STEEL FLAP

(W15 LSH ONLY)

2F = 316L STAINLESS STEEL 2" FLAP (W8 LSH ONLY)

#### **SPECIALTY CODES**

083 Saniflo™ LSH, no manifolds (W15 LSH ONLY)

084 Saniflo™ LSH, center ported (W15 LSH ONLY)

087 Saniflo™ LSH, Side Ported

NOTE: MOST ELASTOMERIC MATERIALS USE COLORED DOTS FOR IDENTIFICATION.

Nordel® and Viton® are registered trademarks of DuPont Dow Elastomers.

Teflon® is a registered trademark of DuPont.

Halar® is a registered trademark of Solvay.

 $\label{thm:continuous} \mbox{Hytrel} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremath{}}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{}^{\mbox{\ensuremat$ 

Santoprene® is a registered trademark of Monsanto Company, licensed to Advanced Elastomer Systems, L.P.





#### HOW IT WORKS—PUMP

The Wilden diaphragm pump is an air-operated, positive displacement, self-priming pump. These drawings show flow pattern through the pump upon its initial stroke. It is assumed the pump has no fluid in it prior to its initial stroke.

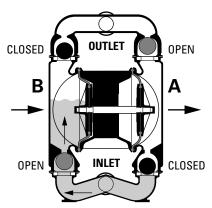


FIGURE 1 The air valve directs pressurized air to the back side of diaphragm A. The compressed air is applied directly to the liquid column separated by elastomeric diaphragms. The diaphragm acts as a separation membrane between the compressed air and liquid, balancing the load and removing mechanical stress from the diaphragm. The compressed air moves the diaphragm away from the center of the pump. The opposite diaphragm is pulled in by the shaft connected to the pressurized diaphragm. Diaphragm B is on its suction stroke; air behind the diaphragm has been forced out to atmosphere through the exhaust port of the pump. The movement of diaphragm B toward the center of the pump creates a vacuum within chamber B. Atmospheric pressure forces fluid into the inlet manifold forcing the inlet valve ball off its seat. Liquid is free to move past the inlet valve ball and fill the liquid chamber (see shaded area).

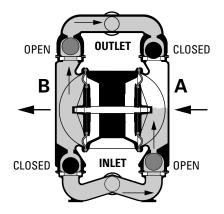


FIGURE 2 When the pressurized diaphragm, diaphragmA, reaches the limit of its discharge stroke, the air valve redirects pressurized air to the back side of diaphragm B. The pressurized air forces diaphragm B away from the center while pulling diaphragm A to the center. Diaphragm B is now on its discharge stroke. Diaphragm B forces the inlet valve ball onto its seat due to the hydraulic forces developed in the liquid chamber and manifold of the pump. These same hydraulic forces lift the discharge valve ball off its seat, while the opposite discharge valve ball is forced onto its seat, forcing fluid to flow through the pump discharge. The movement of diaphragm A toward the center of the pump creates a vacuum within liquid chamber A. Atmospheric pressure forces fluid into the inlet manifold of the pump. The inlet valve ball is forced off its seat allowing the fluid being pumped to fill the liquid chamber.

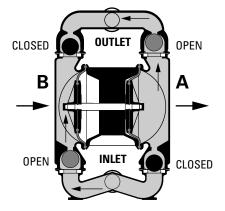
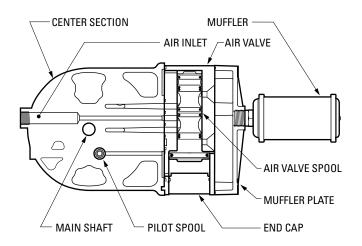


FIGURE 3 At completion of the stroke, the air valve again redirects air to the back side of diaphragm A, which starts diaphragm B on its exhaust stroke. As the pump reaches its original starting point, each diaphragm has gone through one exhaust and one discharge stroke. This constitutes one complete pumping cycle. The pump may take several cycles to completely prime depending on the conditions of the application.



#### HOW IT WORKS—AIR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM



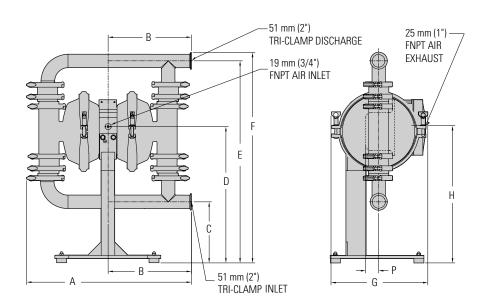
The Pro-Flo V™ patented air distribution system incorporates two moving parts: the air valve spool and the pilot spool. The heart of the system is the air valve. This valve design incorporates an unbalanced spool. The smaller end of the spool is pressurized continuously, while the large end is alternately pressurized, then exhausted, to move the spool. The air valve spool directs pressurized air to one air chamber while exhausting the other. The air causes the main shaft/diaphragm assembly to shift to one side — discharging liquid on that side and pulling liquid in on the other side. When the shaft reaches the end of its stroke, the inner piston actuates the pilot spool, which pressurizes and exhausts the large end of the air valve spool. The repositioning of the air valve spool routes the air to the other air chamber.

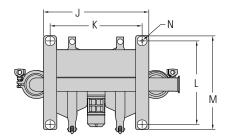
PROFLO V



## DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

#### **PV8 Saniflo™ LSH**





PV8 Saniflo™ LSH Vertically Mounted - Side Ported With Ball/Mushroom Valve (Shown)		
ITEM	METRIC (mm)	STANDARD (inch)
Α	625	24.6
В	318	12.5
С	231	9.1
D	518	20.4
Е	767	30.2
F	800	31.5
G	368	14.5
Н	520	20.5
J	401	15.8
K	351	13.8
L	318	12.5
M	356	14.0
N	Ø10	Ø <b>0</b> .4
Р	48	1.9

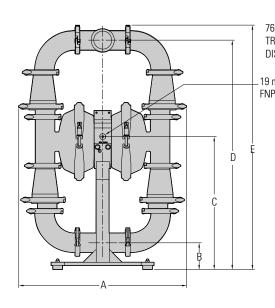
PV8 Saniflo™ LSH Vertically Mounted - Side Ported With Flap Valve		
ITEM	METRIC (mm)	STANDARD (inch)
Α	625	24.6
В	318	12.5
С	201	7.9
D	518	20.4
Ε	800	31.5
F	831	32.7
G	368	14.5
Н	520	20.5
J	401	15.8
K	351	13.8
L	318	12.5
M	356	14.0
N	Ø10	Ø <b>0</b> .4
Р	48	1.9

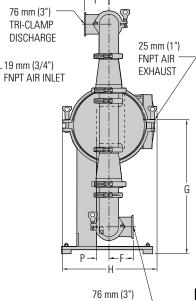




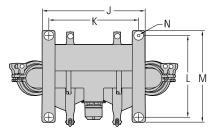
## DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

## **PV15 Saniflo™ LSH**





TRI-CLAMP -



PV15 Saniflo™ LSH Vertically Mounted - Center Ported With Ball/Mushroom Valve		
ITEM	METRIC (mm)	STANDARD (inch)
Α	610	24.0
В	198	7.8
С	518	20.4
D	803	31.6
E	861	33.9
F	97	3.8
G	520	20.5
Н	368	14.5
J	401	15.8
K	351	13.8
L	318	12.5
М	356	14.0
N	Ø10	Ø0.4
Р	48	1.9

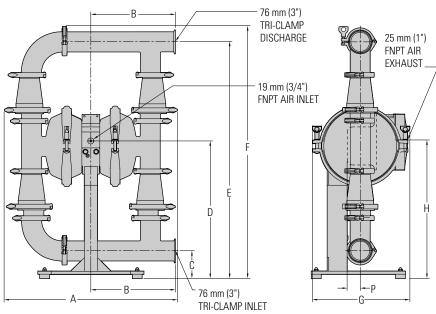
PV15 Saniflo™ LSH Vertically Mounted - Center Ported With Flap Valve (Shown)		
ITEM	METRIC (mm)	STANDARD (inch)
А	640	25.2
В	102	4.0
С	518	20.4
D	894	35.2
E	940	37.0
F	97	3.8
G	520	20.5
Н	368	14.5
J	401	15.8
K	351	13.8
L	318	12.5
М	356	14.0
N	Ø10	Ø0.4
Р	48	1.9

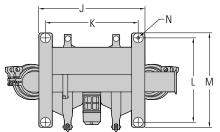




## DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

#### **PV15 Saniflo™ LSH**





PV15 Saniflo™ LSH Vertically Mounted - Side Ported With Ball/mushroom Valve		
ITEM	METRIC (mm)	STANDARD (inch)
Α	638	25.1
В	325	12.8
С	196	7.7
D	518	20.4
E	805	31.7
F	864	34.0
G	368	14.5
Н	520	20.5
J	401	15.8
K	351	13.8
L	318	12.5
М	356	14.0
N	Ø10	Ø0.4
Р	48	1.9

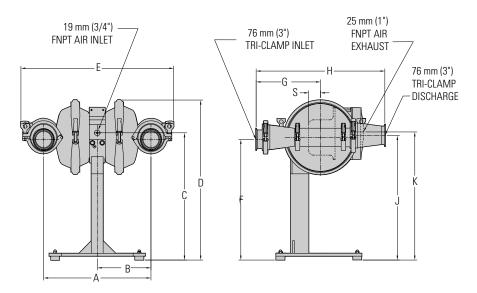
PV15 Saniflo™ LSH Vertically Mounted - Side Ported With Flap Valve (Shown)		
ITEM	METRIC (mm)	STANDARD (inch)
Α	640	25.2
В	325	12.8
С	102	4.0
D	518	20.4
E	892	35.1
F	953	37.5
G	368	14.5
Н	520	20.5
J	401	15.8
K	351	13.8
L	318	12.5
M	356	14.0
N	Ø10	Ø <b>0.4</b>
P	48	1.9

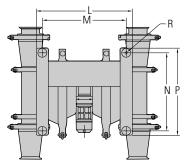




## DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

### **PV15 Saniflo™ LSH**





PV15 Saniflo™ LSH Horizontal Mounted With Flap Valve		
ITEM	METRIC (mm)	STANDARD (inch)
А	452	17.8
В	226	8.9
С	518	20.4
D	650	25.6
E	632	24.9
F	493	19.4
G	267	10.5
Н	536	21.1
J	508	20.0
K	521	20.5
L	401	15.8
М	351	13.8
N	318	12.5
Р	356	14.0
R	Ø10	Ø0.4
S	48	1.9





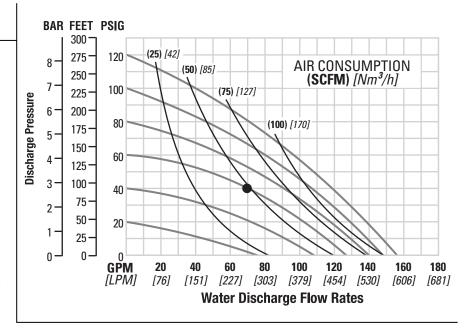
#### PV8 SANIFLO™ LSH RUBBER-FITTED

Height	800 mm (31.5")
Width	625 mm (24.6")
Depth	368 mm (14.5")
Est. Ship Weight	67 Kg (147 lbs.)
Air Inlet	
Inlet	51 mm (2.0")
Outlet	51 mm (2.0")
Suction Lift 5	.9 m Dry (19.3')
9.	.3 m Wet (30.6')
Displacement/Stroke	2.88 L (.76 gal.)
Max. Flow Rate 592	lpm (157 gpm)
Max. Size Solids (compress	sible)
Mushroom Valve	7.9 mm (0.3")
Ball Valve	12.7 mm (0.5")
Flap Valve	51 mm (2.0")

<sup>1</sup>Displacement per stroke was calculated at 4.8 bar (70 psig) air inlet pressure against a 2 bar (30 psig) head pressure.

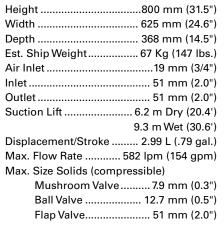
**Example:** To pump 265 lpm (70 gpm) against a discharge pressure head of 2.8 bar (40 psig) requires 4.1 bar (60 psig) and 83 Nm<sup>3</sup>/h (49 scfm) air consumption.

Caution: Do not exceed 8.6 bar (125 psig) air supply pressure.



Flow rates indicated on chart were determined by pumping water with a vertically mounted, side ported ball check configuration. When alternate check valve options are used, multiply flow rate by appropriate factor. Mushroom check valve = 93%, flap check valve = 143%. For optimum life and performance, pumps should be specified so that daily operation parameters will fall in the center of the pump performance curve.

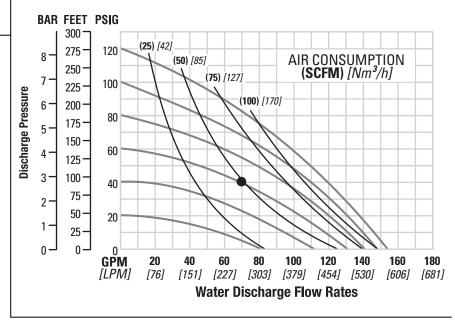
#### PV8 SANIFLO™ LSH TPE-FITTED



<sup>1</sup>Displacement per stroke was calculated at 4.8 bar (70 psig) air inlet pressure against a 2 bar (30 psig) head pressure.

**Example:** To pump 265 lpm (70 gpm) against a discharge pressure head of 2.8 bar (40 psig) requires 4.2 bar (61 psig) and 83 Nm<sup>3</sup>/h (49 scfm) air consumption.

Caution: Do not exceed 8.6 bar (125 psig) air supply pressure.



Flow rates indicated on chart were determined by pumping water with a vertically mounted, side ported ball check configuration. When alternate check valve options are used, multiply flow rate by appropriate factor. Mushroom check valve = 93%, flap check valve = 143%. For optimum life and performance, pumps should be specified so that daily operation parameters will fall in the center of the pump performance curve.





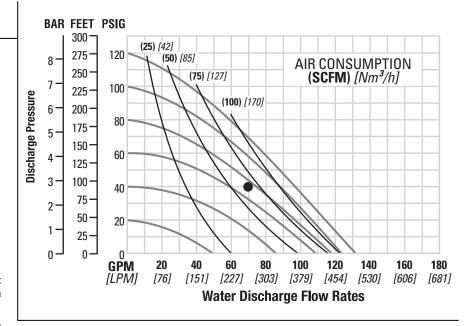
#### PV8 SANIFLO™ LSH TEFLON®-FITTED

Height800 r	nm (31.5")
Width 625 n	nm (24.6")
Depth 368 n	nm (14.5")
Est. Ship Weight 67 Kg	
Air Inlet19	mm (3/4")
Inlet 51	mm (2.0")
Outlet 51	
Suction Lift 4.5 m	Dry (14.8')
9.0 m \	Net (29.5')
Displacement/Stroke 1.78 I	L (.47 gal.)
Max. Flow Rate 532 lpm	(132 gpm)
Max. Size Solids compressible)	
Mushroom Valve 7.9	mm (0.3")
Ball Valve 12.7	mm (0.5")
Flap Valve 51	mm (2.0")
10: 1	

<sup>1</sup>Displacement per stroke was calculated at 4.8 bar (70 psig) air inlet pressure against a 2 bar (30 psig) head pressure.

**Example:** To pump 265 lpm (70 gpm) against a discharge pressure head of 2.8 bar (40 psig) requires 5.2 bar (75 psig) and 110 Nm<sup>3</sup>/h (65 scfm) air consumption.

Caution: Do not exceed 8.6 bar (125 psig) air supply pressure.



Flow rates indicated on chart were determined by pumping water with a vertically mounted, side ported ball check configuration. When alternate check valve options are used, multiply flow rate by appropriate factor. Mushroom check valve = 88%. For optimum life and performance, pumps should be specified so that daily operation parameters will fall in the center of the pump performance curve.

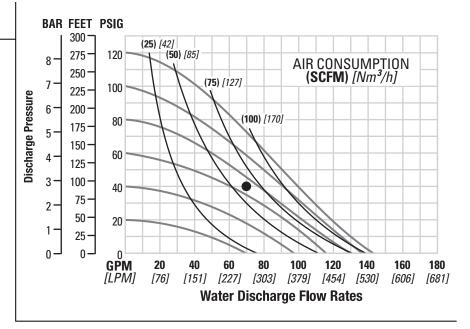
#### PV8 SANIFLO™ LSH ULTRA-FLEX™-FITTED

Height	800 mm (31.5")	
Width	625 mm (24.6")	
Depth	368 mm (14.5")	
Est. Ship Weight		
Air Inlet		
Inlet	51 mm (2.0")	
Outlet	51 mm (2.0")	
Suction Lift	5.2 m Dry (17.0')	
	9.3 m Wet (30.6')	
Displacement/Stroke	2.00 L (.53 gal.)	
Max. Flow Rate	. 541 lpm (143 gpm)	
Max. Size Solids (compressible)		
Mushroom Valve	7.9 mm (0.3")	
Ball Valve	12.7 mm (0.5")	
Flap Valve	51 mm (2.0")	
1Diamlessament was stra	المعاملين مما معامل معامل	

<sup>1</sup>Displacement per stroke was calculated at 4.8 bar (70 psig) air inlet pressure against a 2 bar (30 psig) head pressure.

**Example**: To pump 265 lpm (70 gpm) against a discharge pressure head of 2.8 bar (40 psig) requires 5.0 bar (72 psig) and 107 Nm<sup>3</sup>/h (63 scfm) air consumption.

Caution: Do not exceed 8.6 bar (125 psig) air supply pressure.



Flow rates indicated on chart were determined by pumping water with a vertically mounted, side ported ball check configuration. When alternate check valve options are used, multiply flow rate by appropriate factor. Mushroom check valve = 97%. For optimum life and performance, pumps should be specified so that daily operation parameters will fall in the center of the pump performance curve.





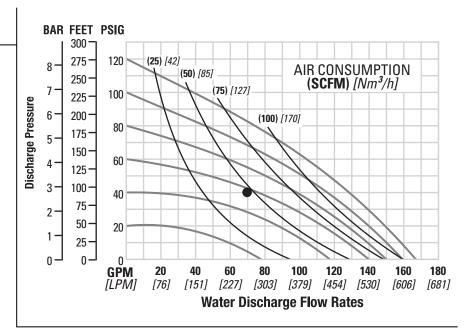
## PV15 SANIFLO™ LSH RUBBER-FITTED

Height	864 mm (34.0")
Width	638 mm (25.1")
Depth	368 mm (14.5")
Est. Ship Weight	71 Kg (156 lbs.)
Air Inlet	19 mm (3/4")
Inlet	76 mm (3.0")
Outlet	76 mm (3.0")
Suction Lift	6.4 m Dry (21.1')
	9.3 m Wet (30.6')
Displacement/Stroke	2.84 L (.75 gal.)
Max. Flow Rate 6	32 lpm (167 gpm)
Max. Size Solids (compre	essible)
Mushroom Valve	7.9 mm (0.3")
Ball Valve	12.7 mm (0.5")
Flap Valve	76 mm (3.0")

<sup>1</sup>Displacement per stroke was calculated at 4.8 bar (70 psig) air inlet pressure against a 2 bar (30 psig) head pressure.

**Example:** To pump 265 lpm (70 gpm) against a discharge pressure head of 2.8 bar (40 psig) requires 4.0 bar (58 psig) and 80 Nm<sup>3</sup>/h (47 scfm) air consumption.

Caution: Do not exceed 8.6 bar (125 psig) air supply pressure.



Flow rates indicated on chart were determined by pumping water with a vertically mounted, side ported ball check configuration. When alternate check valve options are used, multiply flow rate by appropriate factor. Mushroom check valve = 114%, flap check valve = 150%. For optimum life and performance, pumps should be specified so that daily operation parameters will fall in the center of the pump performance curve.

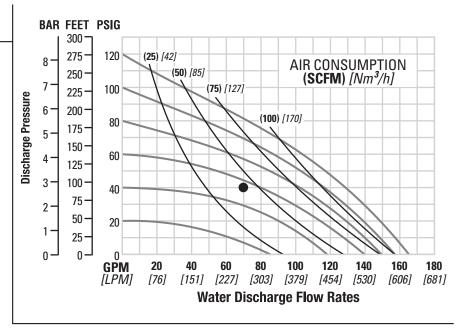
#### PV15 SANIFLO™ LSH TPE-FITTED

United (24.01)
Height 864 mm (34.0")
Width 638 mm (25.1")
Depth 368 mm (14.5")
Est. Ship Weight71 (156 lbs.)
Air Inlet19 mm (3/4")
Inlet76 mm (3.0")
Outlet76 mm (3.0")
Suction Lift5.2 m Dry (17.0')
9.3 m Wet (30.6')
Displacement/Stroke 2.95 L (.78 gal.)
Max. Flow Rate 624 lpm (165 gpm)
Max. Size Solids (compressible)
Mushroom Valve 7.9 mm (0.3")
Ball Valve 12.7 mm (0.5")
Flap Valve76 mm (3.0")

<sup>1</sup>Displacement per stroke was calculated at 4.8 bar (70 psig) air inlet pressure against a 2 bar (30 psig) head pressure.

**Example:** To pump 265 lpm (70 gpm) against a discharge pressure head of 2.8 bar (40 psig) requires 3.8 bar (55 psig) and 73 Nm<sup>3</sup>/h (43 scfm) air consumption.

Caution: Do not exceed 8.6 bar (125 psig) air supply pressure.



Flow rates indicated on chart were determined by pumping water with a vertically mounted, side ported ball check configuration. When alternate check valve options are used, multiply flow rate by appropriate factor. Mushroom check valve = 98%, flap check valve = 150%. For optimum life and performance, pumps should be specified so that daily operation parameters will fall in the center of the pump performance curve.





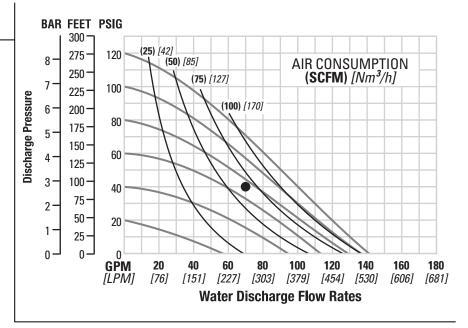
#### PV15 SANIFLO™ LSH TEFLON®-FITTED

Height 864 mm (34.0")
Width 638 mm (25.1")
Depth 368 mm (14.5")
Est. Ship Weight71 (156 lbs.)
Air Inlet19 mm (3/4")
Inlet76 mm (3.0")
Outlet,76 mm (3.0")
Suction Lift 4.7 m Dry (15.4')
9.0 m Wet (29.5')
Displacement/Stroke 1.82 L (.48 gal.)
Max. Flow Rate 532 lpm (141 gpm)
Max. Size Solids (compressible)
Mushroom Valve 7.9 mm (0.3")
Ball Valve 12.7 mm (0.5")
Flap Valve76 mm (3.0")
1Displacement new studies was calculated at

<sup>1</sup>Displacement per stroke was calculated at 4.8 bar (70 psig) air inlet pressure against a 2 bar (30 psig) head pressure.

**Example**: To pump 265 lpm (70 gpm) against a discharge pressure head of 2.8 bar (40 psig) requires 5.0 bar (73 psig) and 110 Nm<sup>3</sup>/h (65 scfm) air consumption.

Caution: Do not exceed 8.6 bar (125 psig) air supply pressure.



Flow rates indicated on chart were determined by pumping water with a vertically mounted, side ported ball check configuration. When alternate check valve options are used, multiply flow rate by appropriate factor. Mushroom check valve = 86%. For optimum life and performance, pumps should be specified so that daily operation parameters will fall in the center of the pump performance curve.

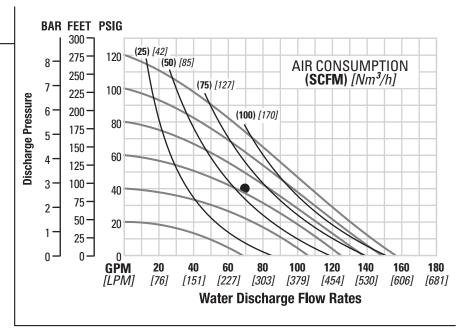
#### PV15 SANIFLO™ LSH ULTRA-FLEX™-FITTED

Height 864 mm (34.0")
Width 638 mm (25.1")
Depth 368 mm (14.5")
Est. Ship Weight71 (156 lbs.)
Air Inlet19 mm (3/4")
Inlet76 mm (3.0")
Outlet,76 mm (3.0")
Suction Lift 4.5 m Dry (14.8')
9.3 m Wet (30.6')
Displacement/Stroke 2.00 L (.53 gal.)
Max. Flow Rate 594 lpm (157 gpm)
Max. Size Solids (compressible)
Mushroom Valve7.9 mm (0.3")
Ball Valve 12.7 mm (0.5")
Flap Valve76 mm (3.0")
15: 1

<sup>1</sup>Displacement per stroke was calculated at 4.8 bar (70 psig) air inlet pressure against a 2 bar (30 psig) head pressure.

**Example**: To pump 265 lpm (70 gpm) against a discharge pressure head of 2.8 bar (40 psig) requires 4.4 bar (64 psig) and 97 Nm<sup>3</sup>/h (57 scfm) air consumption.

Caution: Do not exceed 8.6 bar (125 psig) air supply pressure.



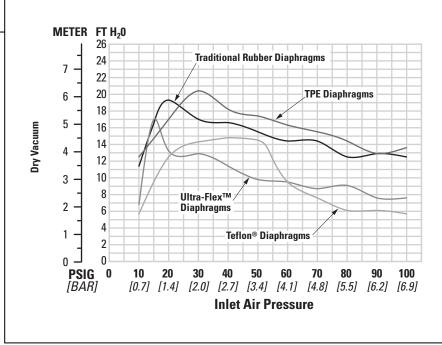
Flow rates indicated on chart were determined by pumping water with a vertically mounted, side ported ball check configuration. When alternate check valve options are used, multiply flow rate by appropriate factor. Mushroom check valve = 93%. For optimum life and performance, pumps should be specified so that daily operation parameters will fall in the center of the pump performance curve.



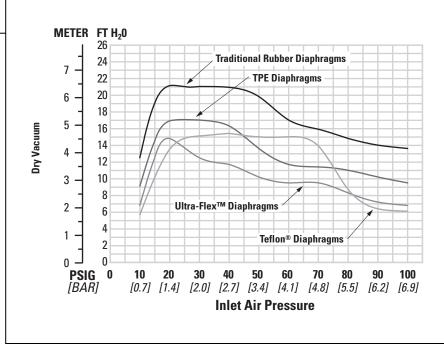


#### SUCTION LIFT CURVES

#### PV8 SANIFLO™ LSH SUCTION LIFT CAPABILITY



#### PV15 SANIFLO™ LSH SUCTION LIFT CAPABILITY



Suction lift curves are calibrated for pumps operating at 305 m (1,000') above sea level. This chart is meant to be a guide only. There are many variables which can affect your pump's operating characteristics. The

number of intake and discharge elbows, viscosity of pumping fluid, elevation (atmospheric pressure) and pipe friction loss all affect the amount of suction lift your pump will attain.





#### SUGGESTED INSTALLATION

Wilden pumps are designed to meet the performance requirements of even the most demanding pumping applications. They have been designed and manufactured to the highest standards and are available in a variety of liquid path materials to meet your chemical resistance needs. Refer to the performance section of this manual for an in-depth analysis of the performance characteristics of your pump. Wilden offers the widest variety of elastomer options in the industry to satisfy temperature, chemical compatibility, abrasion resistance and flex concerns.

The suction pipe size should be equivalent or larger than the diameter of the suction inlet on your Wilden pump. The suction hose must be non-collapsible, reinforced type as these pumps are capable of pulling a high vacuum. Discharge piping should also be equivalent or larger than the diameter of the pump discharge to minimize friction losses. It is critical that all fittings and connections are airtight or a reduction or loss of pump suction capability will result.

INSTALLATION: Months of careful planning, study, and selection efforts can result in unsatisfactory pump performance if installation details are left to chance.

Premature failure and long term dissatisfaction can be avoided if reasonable care is exercised throughout the installation process.

LOCATION: Noise, safety, and other logistical factors usually dictate where equipment will be situated on the production floor. Multiple installations with conflicting requirements can result in congestion of utility areas, leaving few choices for additional pumps.

Within the framework of these and other existing conditions, every pump should be located in such a way that six key factors are balanced against each other to maximum advantage.

ACCESS: First of all, the location should be accessible. If it's easy to reach the pump, maintenance personnel will have an easier time carrying out routine inspections and adjustments. Should major repairs become necessary, ease of access can play a key role in speeding the repair process and reducing total downtime.

AIR SUPPLY: Every pump location should have an air line large enough to supply the volume of air necessary to achieve the desired pumping rate. Do not exceed the maximum rated air pressure.

For best results, the pumps should use a  $5\mu$  (micron) air filter, needle valve and regulator. The use of an air filter before the pump will ensure that the majority of any pipeline contaminants will be eliminated.

SOLENOID OPERATION: When operation is controlled by a solenoid valve in the air line, three-way valves should be used. This valve allows trapped air between the valve and the pump to bleed off which improves pump performance.

MUFFLER: Sound levels are reduced below OSHA specifications using the standard Wilden muffler. Other mufflers can be used to further reduce sound levels, but they usually reduce pump performance.

ELEVATION: Selecting a site that is well within the pump's dynamic lift capability will assure that loss-of-prime issues will be eliminated. In addition, pump efficiency can be adversely affected if proper attention is not given to site location.

PIPING: Final determination of the pump site should not be made until the piping challenges of each possible location have been evaluated. The impact of current and future installations should be considered ahead of time to make sure that inadvertent restrictions are not created for any remaining sites.

The best choice possible will be a site involving the shortest and straightest hook-up of suction and discharge piping. Unnecessary elbows, bends, and fittings should be avoided. Pipe sizes should be selected to keep friction losses within practical limits. All piping should be supported independently of the pump. In addition, the piping should be aligned to avoid placing stress on the pump fittings.

Flexible hose can be installed to aid in absorbing the forces created by the natural reciprocating action of the pump. If the pump is to be bolted down to a solid location, a mounting pad placed between the pump and the foundation will assist in minimizing pump vibration. Flexible connections between the pump and rigid piping will also assist in minimizing pump vibration. If quick-closing valves are installed at any point in the discharge system, or if pulsation within a system becomes a problem, a surge suppressor (SD Equalizer®) should be installed to protect the pump, piping and gauges from surges and water hammer.

If the pump is to be used in a self-priming application, make sure that all connections are airtight and that the suction lift is within the model's ability. Note: Materials of construction and elastomer material have an effect on suction lift parameters. Please refer to the performance section for specifics.

When pumps are installed in applications involving flooded suction or suction head pressures, a gate valve should be installed in the suction line to permit closing of the line for pump service.

Pumps in service with a positive suction head are most efficient when inlet pressure is limited to 0.5–0.7 bar (7–10 psig). Premature diaphragm failure may occur if positive suction is 0.7 bar (10 psig) and higher.

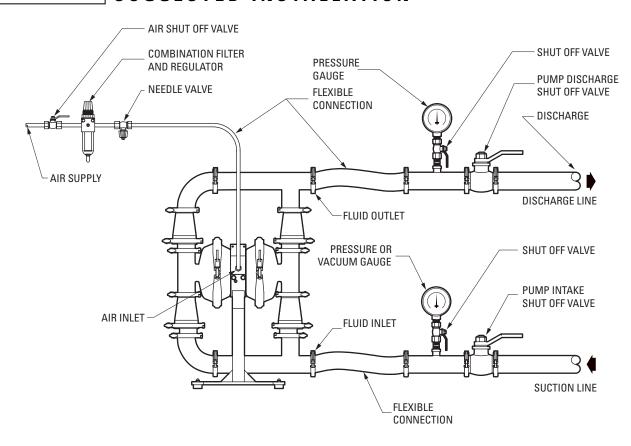
SUBMERSIBLE APPLICATIONS: Pro-Flo  $V^{\text{TM}}$  pumps can be used for submersible applications, when using the Pro-Flo  $V^{\text{TM}}$  submersible option. Turbo-Flo pumps can also be used for submersible applications. Pro-Flo and Accu-Flo pumps are not submersible.

ALL WILDEN PUMPS ARE CAPABLE OF PASSING SOLIDS. A STRAINER SHOULD BE USED ON THE PUMP INTAKE TO ENSURE THAT THE PUMP'S RATED SOLIDS CAPACITY IS NOT EXCEEDED.





## SUGGESTED INSTALLATION



**NOTE**: In the event of a power failure, the shut off valve should be closed, if restarting of the pump is not desirable once power is regained.

AIR OPERATED PUMPS: To stop the pump from operating in an emergency situation, simply close the shut off valve (user supplied) installed in the air supply line. A properly functioning valve will stop the air supply to the pump, therefore stopping output. This shut off valve should be located far enough away from the pumping equipment such that it can be reached safely in an emergency situation.





#### SUGGESTED OPERATION & MAINTENANCE

OPERATION: The Pro-Flo® and Pro-Flo V™ pumps are pre-lubricated, and do not require in-line lubrication. Additional lubrication will not damage the pump, however if the pump is heavily lubricated by an external source, the pump's internal lubrication may be washed away. If the pump is then moved to a non-lubricated location, it may need to be disassembled and re-lubricated as described in the ASSEMBLY/DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS.

Pump discharge rate can be controlled by limiting the volume and/or pressure of the air supply to the pump. An air regulator is used to regulate air pressure. A needle valve is used to regulate volume. Pump discharge rate can also be controlled by throttling the pump discharge by partially closing a valve in the discharge line of the pump. This action increases friction loss which reduces flow rate. (See Section 5.) This is useful when the need exists to control the pump from a remote location. When the pump discharge pressure equals or exceeds the air supply pressure, the pump will stop; no bypass or pressure relief valve is needed, and pump damage will not occur. The pump has reached a "deadhead"

situation and can be restarted by reducing the fluid discharge pressure or increasing the air inlet pressure. The Wilden Pro-Flo® and Pro-Flo V™ pumps run solely on compressed air and do not generate heat, therefore your process fluid temperature will not be affected.

MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTIONS: Since each application is unique, maintenance schedules may be different for every pump. Frequency of use, line pressure, viscosity and abrasiveness of process fluid all affect the parts life of a Wilden pump. Periodic inspections have been found to offer the best means for preventing unscheduled pump downtime. Personnel familiar with the pump's construction and service should be informed of any abnormalities that are detected during operation.

RECORDS: When service is required, a record should be made of all necessary repairs and replacements. Over a period of time, such records can become a valuable tool for predicting and preventing future maintenance problems and unscheduled downtime. In addition, accurate records make it possible to identify pumps that are poorly suited to their applications.

#### TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Pump will not run or runs slowly.

- 1. Ensure that the air inlet pressure is at least 0.4 bar (5 psig) above startup pressure and that the differential pressure (the difference between air inlet and liquid discharge pressures) is not less than 0.7 bar (10 psig).
- Check air inlet filter for debris (see recommended installation).
- Check for extreme air leakage (blow by) which would indicate worn seals/bores in the air valve, pilot spool, main shaft.
- 4. Disassemble pump and check for obstructions in the air passageways or objects which would obstruct the movement of internal parts.
- 5. Check mating surfaces of flap valve assembly.
- 6. Check for sticking ball check valves. If material being pumped is not compatible with pump elastomers, swelling may occur. Replace ball check valves and seats with proper elastomers. Also, as the check valve balls wear out, they become smaller and can become stuck in the seats. In this case, replace balls and seats.
- 7. Check for broken inner piston which will cause the air valve spool to be unable to shift.
- 8. Remove plug from pilot spool exhaust.

#### Pump runs but little or no product flows.

1. Check for pump cavitation; slow pump speed down to allow thick material to flow into liquid chambers.

- 2. Verify that vacuum required to lift liquid is not greater than the vapor pressure of the material being pumped (cavitation).
- 3. Check for sticking ball check valves. If material being pumped is not compatible with pump elastomers, swelling may occur. Replace ball check valves and seats with proper elastomers. Also, as the check valve balls wear out, they become smaller and can become stuck in the seats. In this case, replace balls and seats.

#### Pump air valve freezes.

 Check for excessive moisture in compressed air. Either install a dryer or hot air generator for compressed air. Alternatively, a coalescing filter may be used to remove the water from the compressed air in some applications.

#### Air bubbles in pump discharge.

- 1. Check for ruptured diaphragm.
- 2. Check tightness of outer pistons (refer to Section 7).
- 3. Check tightness of fasteners and integrity of o-rings and seals, especially at intake manifold.
- 4. Ensure pipe connections are airtight.

#### Product comes out air exhaust.

- 1. Check for diaphragm rupture.
- 2. Check tightness of outer pistons to shaft.

## WILDEN

#### PUMP DISASSEMBLY

#### Tools Required:

- Adjustable Wrench
- Vise equipped with soft jaws (such as plywood, plastic or other suitable material)

**CAUTION:** Before any maintenance or repair is attempted, the compressed air line to the pump should be disconnected and all air pressure allowed to bleed from the pump. Disconnect all intake, discharge, and air lines. Drain the pump by turning it upside down and allowing any fluid to flow into a suitable container. Be aware of any hazardous effects of contact with your process fluid.

**NOTE**: The model photographed for these instructions incorporates Teflon<sup>®</sup> diaphragms.



#### Step 1

Prior to disassembly, alignment marks should be placed on the liquid chambers and air chambers to assist with proper alignment during reassembly.



Step 2

Loosen the wing nut and remove both discharge manifold clamp bands.



Step 3

Remove the discharge manifold, manifold gaskets, and the top portion of the valve housing.



## PROFLO V

#### PUMP DISASSEMBLY



#### Step 4A

On both sides of the pump, remove the valve ball retainer and valve ball. Repeat process for the inlet valve assemblies as well. Inspect parts for nicks, gouges, chemical attack or abrasive wear. Replace worn parts with genuine Wilden parts for reliable performance.



Step 4B

On both sides of the pump, remove the mushroom retainer/guide and mushroom valve. Repeat process for the inlet valve assemblies as well. Inspect parts for nicks, gouges, chemical attack or abrasive wear.



Step 4C

On both sides of the pump, remove the upper flap from the flap valve housing. Repeat process for the inlet valve assemblies as well. Inspect parts for nicks, gouges, chemical attack or abrasive wear.



Step 5

On both sides of the pump, remove the remaining clamp bands, valve housing and gaskets. Inspect parts for nicks, gouges, chemical attack or abrasive wear.



Note:

To ensure proper alignment during reassembly of manifold/liquid chamber interface, turn off-set portion of valve housing to the left or to the right. This procedure works for the inlet manifold and discharge manifold connections.



Step 6

On both sides of the pump, remove both inlet manifold clamp bands. Remove the inlet manifold and manifold gaskets. Inspect parts for nicks, gouges, chemical attack or abrasive wear.

### AIR VALVE / CENTER SECTION DISASSEMBLY



Step 7

Remove inlet valve assembly from pump. Inspect parts for nicks, gouges, chemical attack or abrasive wear.



Step 8

On both side of the pump, remove the large clamp band and the liquid chamber.



Step 9

Using two adjustable wrenches, turning in opposite directions, loosen and remove one of the two outer pistons/diaphragm assemblies.



Step 10

After loosening and removing one outer piston/diaphragm assembly can be removed from the center section.



Step 11

To remove the remaining diaphragm assembly from the shaft, secure shaft with soft jaws (a vise fitted with plywood or other suitable material) to ensure shaft is not nicked, scratched, or gouges. Using an adjustable wrench, remove diaphragm assembly from shaft.





## AIR VALVE / CENTER SECTION DISASSEMBLY

#### Tools Required:

Tools Required:

- 3/16" Hex Head Wrench
- 1/4" Hex Head Wrench
- Snap Ring Pliers
- O-Ring Pick

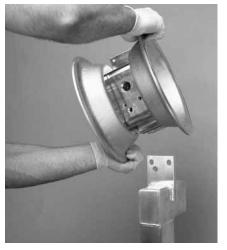
**CAUTION**: Before any maintenance or repair is attempted, the compressed air line to the pump should be disconnected and all air pressure allowed to bleed from the pump. Disconnect all intake, discharge, and air lines. Drain the pump by turning it upside down and allowing any fluid to flow into a suitable container. Be aware of hazardous effects of contact with your process fluid.

The Wilden PV8 and PV15 metal pumps use a revolutionary Pro-Flo  $V^{\text{TM}}$  air distribution system. Proprietary composite seals reduce the coefficient of friction and allow lube-free operation. Constructed of aluminum, the Pro-Flo  $V^{\text{TM}}$  air distribution system is designed to perform in on/off, non-freezing, non-stalling, tough duty applications.



Step 1

Using a 9/16" wrench, loosen the bolts that connect the center section to the stand. CAUTION: With bolts removed, the center section is no longer attached to the stand and must be supported so that it does not fall from the stand.



Step 2

Remove the center section from the stand.



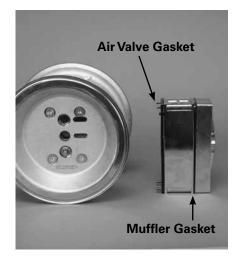
Step 3

Using a 3/16" hex wrench, loosen air valve bolts.



## PROFLO V

## AIR VALVE / CENTER SECTION DISASSEMBLY



#### Step 4

Remove muffler plate and air valve bolts from air valve assembly exposing muffler gasket for inspection. Replace if necessary.



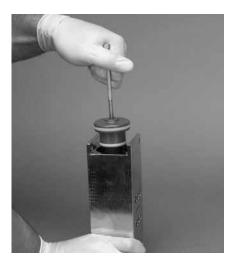
Step 5

Lift away air valve assembly and remove air valve gasket for inspection. Replace if necessary.



Step 6

Remove air valve end cap to expose air valve spool by simply lifting up on end cap once air valve bolts are removed. Note: Pro-Flo  $V^{\text{TM}}$  air valve incorporates an end cap at both ends of the air valve.



Step 7

Remove the air valve spool from the air valve body by threading one air valve bolt into the end of the air valve spool and gently sliding the spool out of the air valve body. Inspect seals for signs of wear and replace entire assembly if necessary. Use caution when handling airvalve spool to prevent damaging seals. Note: seals should not be removed from assembly. Seals are not sold separately.



Step 8

Remove pilot sleeve retaining snap ring on both sides of center section with snap ring pliers.



Step 9

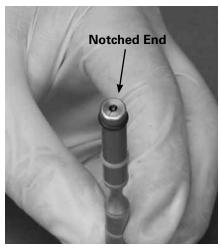
Remove pilot spool sleeve from center section.





## AIR VALVE / CENTER SECTION DISASSEMBLY





Step 10

Using an o-ring pick, gently remove the o-ring from the opposite side of the "notched end" on one side of the pilot spool. Gently remove the pilot spool from pilot spool sleeve and inspect for nicks, gouges and wear. Replace pilot sleeve or outer sleeve o-rings if necessary. During re-assembly, never insert the pilot spool into the sleeve with the "notched end" first, this end incorporates the urethane o-ring and will be damaged as it slides over the ports cut in the sleeve. Note: seals should not be removed from pilot spool. Seals are not sold separately.

# Finding spares a nightmare? Sleep easier with SPECTROM



#### **PRODUCTS: AODDP**

(Air Operated Double Diaphragm Pumps)

- Warren-Rupp
- AR0
- · Other



#### **PUMP PARTS**

(Low Cost)

- Diaphragms
- Valve balls
- · Valve seats

#### KNOWLEDGE & SERVICE



- Competitive pricing
- Delivery
- Service
- Inventory

*WARNING:* The

These parts may exhibit better life than OEM parts.

Spectrom is not your typical after market part supplier. We do not simply sell pump parts; we provide value added procurement solutions.

Our unique network enables us to purchase effectively, resulting in low cost solutions. We also know that low purchase price is not enough - quality, integrity and inventory are also important. Spectrom is structured to provide Pre and Post sales support, giving our customers value added application and pump knowledge.

Contact us to have a procurement solution developed for you. We don't just fit you into a generic system, we develop specific solutions that achieve results.

Spectrom will ship your order from our facility within 3 working days!



1-909-512-1261

www.spectromparts.com





#### REASSEMBLY HINTS & TIPS

#### ASSEMBLY:

Upon performing applicable maintenance to the air distribution system, the pump can now be reassembled. Please refer to the disassembly instructions for photos and parts placement. To reassemble the pump, follow the disassembly instructions in reverse order. The air distribution system needs to be assembled first, then the diaphragms and finally the wetted path. The following tips will assist in the assembly process.

- Lubricate air valve bore, center section shaft and pilot spool bore with NLGI grade 2 white EP bearing grease or equivalent.
- Clean the inside of the center section shaft bore to ensure no damage is done to new shaft seals.
- A small amount NLGI grade 2 white EP bearing grease can be applied to the muffler and air valve gaskets to locate gaskets during assembly.
- Make sure that the exhaust port on the muffler plate is centered between the two exhaust ports on the center section.
- Stainless bolts should be lubed to reduce the possibility of seizing during tightening.
- Use a mallet to tamp lightly on the large clamp bands to seat the diaphragm before tightening.

#### **TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS**

Description of Part	Maximum Torque
Air Valve	[13.6 N•m] 120 inlbs
Air Chamber Bolts	[27.1 N•m] 20 ftlbs
Outer Pistons, Rubber	[105.7 N•m] 78 ftlbs
Outer Pistons, (Teflon®-Fitted)	[105.7 N•m] 78 ftlbs
Outer Piston, (Ultra-Flex™)	[78.6 N•m] 58 ftlbs



NOTE: To ensure proper alignment during reassembly of manifold/liquid chamber interface, turn off-set portion of valve housing to the left or to the right. This procedure works for the inlet manifold and discharge manifold connections.

#### SHAFT SEAL INSTALLATION:

#### PRE-INSTALLATION

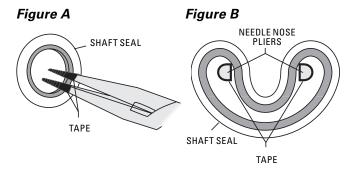
 Once all of the old seals have been removed, the inside of the bushing should be cleaned to ensure no debris is left that may cause premature damage to the new seals.

#### **INSTALLATION**

The following tools can be used to aid in the installation of the new seals:

Needle Nose Pliers Phillips Screwdriver Electrical Tape

- Wrap electrical tape around each leg of the needle nose pliers (heat shrink tubing may also be used). This is done to prevent damaging the inside surface of the new seal.
- With a new seal in hand, place the two legs of the needle nose pliers inside the seal ring. (See Figure A.)
- Open the pliers as wide as the seal diameter will allow, then with two fingers pull down on the top portion of the seal to form kidney bean shape. (See Figure B.)
- Lightly clamp the pliers together to hold the seal into the kidney shape. Be sure to pull the seal into as tight of a kidney shape as possible, this will allow the seal to travel down the bushing bore easier.
- With the seal clamped in the pliers, insert the seal into the bushing bore and position the bottom of the seal into the correct groove. Once the bottom of the seal is seated in the groove, release the clamp pressure on the pliers. This will allow the seal to partially snap back to its original shape.
- After the pliers are removed, you will notice a slight bump in the seal shape. Before the seal can be properly resized, the bump in the seal should be removed as much as possible. This can be done with either the Phillips screwdriver or your finger. With either the side of the screwdriver or your finger, apply light pressure to the peak of the bump. This pressure will cause the bump to be almost completely eliminated.
- Lubricate the edge of the shaft with NLGI grade 2 white EP bearing grease.
- Slowly insert the center shaft with a rotating motion. This will complete the resizing of the seal.
- Perform these steps for the remaining seals.







# Pump Solids Maximize Your Yield

Is your process limping along with a pump that wasn't designed to transfer sanitary solids? Are your inspection, cleaning, and maintenance costs too high? Are you looking for a pump that is actually designed for your application?

Wilden has your answer. The Saniflo™ VC pump can transfer your product without damage from bruising or shearing. The pump is specifically designed to meet your performance needs while minimizing cleaning and inspection time. Contact us for a unique perspective and proven results. The Saniflo™ VC will handle any food product that you can dish out.





- 3 sizes available
- Solids passage to 152 mm (6")
- Stainless steel construction
- Only 2 moving parts
- Low liquid content requirement
- Complies with USDA requirements
- Variable flow
- CE marked
- Low voltage directive by TÜV
- PED & machinery directive



22069 VAN BUREN STREET • GRAND TERRACE, CA 92313-5607 (909) 422-1730 • FAX (909) 783-3440 www.wildenpump.com



**PV8 SANIFLO™ LSH Vertically Mounted Side Ported Manifold EXPLODED VIEW — 37** TEFLON® **BALL MUSHROOM** ULTRA-FLEX™





## **PV8 SANIFLO™ LSH**

PARTS LISTING

			Rubber/TPE/ Ultra-Flex™ Fitted	Teflon® Fitted
			PV8/SNNN/087	PV8/SNNN/087
No.	Part Description	Qty.	P/N	P/N
1	Air Valve, Pro-Flo V™, Nickel Plated¹	1	04-2030-06	04-2030-06
2	O-Ring, End Cap (-225) Buna	2	04-2390-52-700	04-2390-52-700
3	End Cap, Pro-Flo V™, Nickel Plated	2	04-2340-06	04-2340-06
4	Screw, SHC, 1/4"-20 X 4.5"	4	01-6000-03	01-6000-03
5	Muffler Plate, Pro-Flo V™, Nickel Plated	1	04-3185-06	04-3185-06
6	Gasket, Muffler Plate	1	04-3502-52	04-3502-52
7	Gasket, Air Valve	1	04-2620-52	04-2620-52
8	Center Block, Pro-Flo V™, LSH Nickel Plated	1	08-3120-06	08-3120-06
9	Removable Pilot Sleeve Assembly	1	04-3880-99	04-3880-99
10	Pilot Spool Retaining O-Ring	2	04-2650-49-700	04-2650-49-700
11	Shaft Seal	4	08-3210-55-225	08-3210-55-225
12	Gasket, Center Block, PV4-PV15	2	04-3529-52	04-3529-52
13	Air Chamber, Pro-Flo V™, Nickel Plated	2	08-3660-06	08-3660-06
14	Screw, HSFHS, 3/8"-16 x 1"	8	71-6250-08	71-6250-08
15	Retaining Ring	2	04-3890-03	04-3890-03
16	Shaft, Pro-Flo®	1	08-3810-03-83	08-3840-09
	Shaft, Pro-Flo®, Ultra-Flex™	1	08-3841-03	N/A
17	Shaft Stud	2	N/A	08-6152-08
	Shaft Stud, Ultra-Flex™	2	08-6150-08	N/A
18	Inner Piston	2	08-3700-01	08-3750-01
	Inner Piston, Ultra-Flex™	2	08-3761-01	N/A
19	Diaphragm	2	*	08-1010-55
20	Backup Diaphragm	2	N/A	08-1060-51
21	Outer Piston	2	08-4550-10-72	08-4600-10-72
	Outer Piston, Ultra-Flex™	2	08-4560-10-83	N/A
22	Liquid Chamber	2	15-5000-10-83	15-5000-10-83
23	2" Manifold, Side Discharge	2	08-5056-10-83	08-5056-10-83
24	12" Clamp Band Assembly <sup>2</sup>	2	08-7300-03-83	08-7300-03-83
25	12" Clamp Band Wing Nut	4	08-6671-10	08-6671-10
26	12" Clamp Band Washer, 3/8"	4	04-6741-03	04-6741-03
27	Pump Stand Assembly	1	15-7651-10-83	15-7651-10-83
28	Sanitary Muffler (Not Shown)	1	15-3510-06R	15-3510-06R

#### Flap Valve Configuration<sup>3</sup>

29	2" Flap Valve Body	4	08-5280-10-83	N/A
30	2" Flap Valve	4	08-1180-10-83	N/A
31	Flap Valve Spacer	4	08-5285-10-83	N/A
32	3" Manifold Gasket	12	*	N/A
33	3" Clamp Band Assembly	12	15-7102-03	N/A

#### **Valve Ball and Mushroom Valve Configuration**

34	Seat, Valve, Lsh	4	08-1127-10-83	08-1127-10-83
35	Ball, Valve	4	*	04-1080-55
36	Ball Housing	4	08-5461-10-83	08-5461-10-83
37	Retainer, Ball	4	08-5430-10-83	08-5430-10-83
38	Mushroom Valve	4	15-1095-55	15-1095-55
39	Mushroom Valve Guide	4	08-5431-10-83	08-5431-10-83
32	3" Manifold Gasket	12	*	15-1375-55
33	3" Clamp Band Assembly	12	15-7102-03	15-7102-03

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Elastomer Chart

#### All bold face items are primary wear parts.



 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{\tiny 1}}$  Air Valve assembly includes items 2 & 3.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  Clamp band assembly (P/N 08-7300-03-83) includes items 25 & 26.

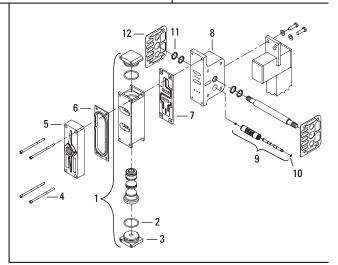
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Teflon® PTFE and Ultra-Flex™ diaphragms not available with flap valve configuration.

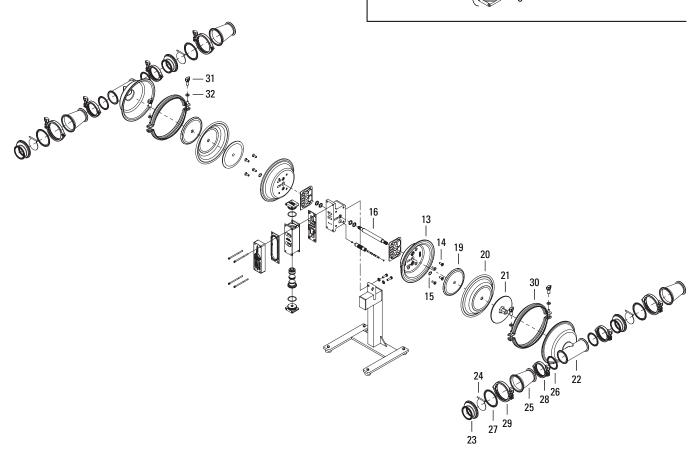




PV15 SANIFLOTM LSH Horizontally Mounted No Manifold

**EXPLODED VIEW** 









## PV15 SANIFLO™ LSH

PARTS LISTING

			Rubber/TPE Fitted
No.	Part Description	Oty per Pump	PV15/SNNN/083 P/N
1	Air Valve, Pro-Flo V™, Nickel Plated¹	1	04-2030-06
2	O-Ring, End Cap (-225) Buna	2	04-2390-52-700
3	End Cap, Pro-Flo V™, Nickel Plated	2	04-2340-06
4	Screw, SHC, 1/4"-20 X 4.5"	4	01-6000-03
5	Muffler Plate, Pro-Flo V™, Nickel Plated	1	04-3185-06
6	Gasket, Muffler Plate	1	04-3502-52
7	Gasket, Air Valve	1	04-2620-52
8	Center Block, Pro-Flo V™, LSH Nickel Plated	1	08-3120-06
9	Removable Pilot Sleeve Assembly	1	04-3880-99
10	Pilot Spool Retaining O-Ring	2	04-2650-49-700
11	Shaft Seal	4	08-3210-55-225
12	Gasket, Center Block, PV4-PV15	2	04-3529-52
13	Air Chamber, Pro-Flo V™, Nickel Plated	2	08-3660-06
14	Screw, HSFHS, 3/8"-16 x 1"	8	71-6250-08
15	Retaining Ring	2	04-3890-03
16	Shaft	1	08-3810-03-83
17	Air Chamber	2	08-3652-06
18	Air Chamber Screw, HSFH, 3/8-16 X 1	6	71-6250-08
19	Inner Piston	2	08-3700-01
20	Diaphragm	2	*
21	Outer Piston	2	08-4550-10-72
22	Liquid Chamber	2	15-5000-10-83
23	Flap Valve Body	4	15-5280-10-83
24	Flap Valve <sup>3</sup>	4	15-1180-10-83
25	4" to 3" Reducer	4	15-5290-10-83
26	3" Manifold Gasket	4	*
27	4" Manifold Gasket	4	*
28	3" Clamp Band Assembly	4	15-7102-03
29	4" Clamp Band Assembly	4	15-7202-03
30	12" Clamp band Assembly <sup>2</sup>	2	08-7300-03-83
31	12" Clamp Band Wing Nut	4	08-6671-10
32	12" Clamp Band Washer, 3/8"	4	04-6740-03
33	Pump Stand Assembly	1	15-7651-10-83
34	Sanitary Muffler (Not Shown)	1	15-3510-06R

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Elastomer Chart

#### All boldface items are primary wear parts.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Air Valve assembly includes items 2 & 3.

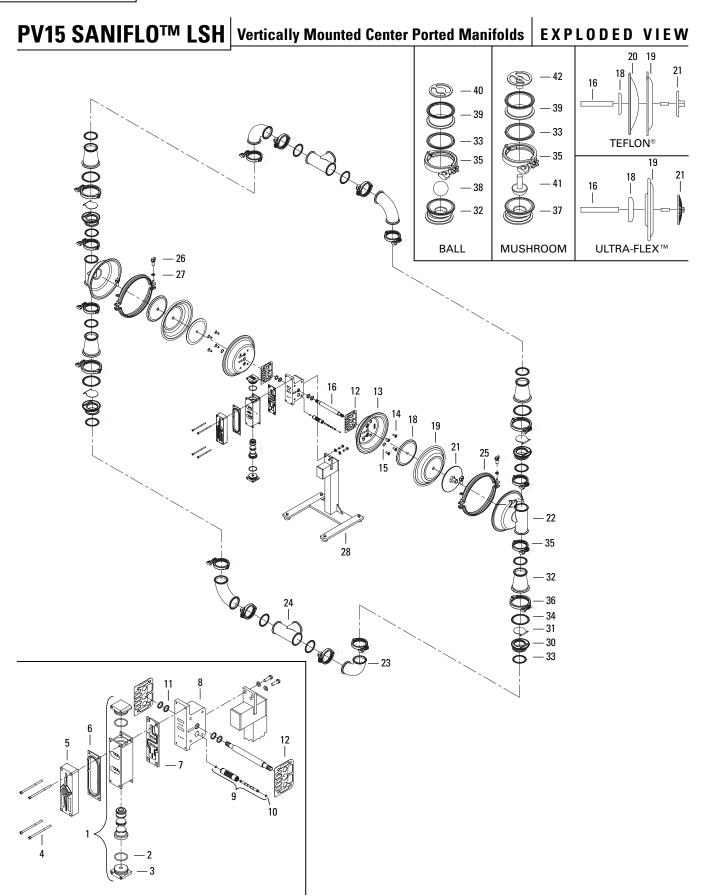
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clamp band assembly (P/N 08-7300-03-83) includes items 31 & 32.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Teflon® PTFE and Ultra-Flex™ diaphragms not available with flap valve configuration.



## PROFLO V

## **EXPLODED VIEW & PARTS LISTING**







## **PV15 SANIFLO™ LSH**

PARTS LISTING

			Rubber/TPE/ Ultra-Flex™ Fitted	Teflon® Fitted
No.	Part Description	Oty per Pump	PV15/SNNN/084 P/N	PV15/SNNN/084 P/N
1	Air Valve, Pro-Flo V™, Nickel Plated¹	1	04-2030-06	04-2030-06
2	O-Ring, End Cap (-225) Buna	2	04-2390-52-700	04-2390-52-700
3	End Cap, Pro-Flo V™, Nickel Plated	2	04-2340-06	04-2340-06
4	Screw, SHC, 1/4"-20 X 4.5"	4	01-6000-03	01-6000-03
5	Muffler Plate, Pro-Flo V™, Nickel Plated	1	04-3185-06	04-3185-06
6	Gasket, Muffler Plate	1	04-3502-52	04-3502-52
7	Gasket, Air Valve	1	04-2620-52	04-2620-52
8	Center Block, Pro-Flo V™, LSH Nickel Plated	1	08-3120-06	08-3120-06
9	Removable Pilot Sleeve Assembly	1	04-3880-99	04-3880-99
10	Pilot Spool Retaining O-Ring	2	04-2650-49-700	04-2650-49-700
11	Shaft Seal	4	08-3210-55-225	08-3210-55-225
12	Gasket, Center Block, PV4-PV15	2	04-3529-52	04-3529-52
13	Air Chamber, Pro-Flo V™, Nickel Plated	2	08-3660-06	08-3660-06
14	Screw, HSFHS, 3/8"-16 x 1"	8	71-6250-08	71-6250-08
15	Retaining Ring	2	04-3890-03	04-3890-03
16	Shaft, Pro-Flo®	1	08-3810-03-83	08-3840-09
	Shaft, Pro-Flo®, Ultra-Flex™	1	08-3841-03	N/A
17	Shaft Stud	2	N/A	08-6152-08
	Shaft Stud, Ultra-Flex™	2	08-6150-08	N/A
18	Inner Piston	2	08-3700-01	08-3750-01
	Inner Piston, Ultra-Flex™	2	08-3761-01	N/A
19	Diaphragm	2	*	08-1010-55
20	Backup Diaphragm	2	N/A	08-1060-51
21	Outer Piston	2	08-4550-10-72	08-4600-10-72
	Outer Piston, Ultra-Flex™	2	08-4560-10-83	N/A
22	Liquid Chamber	2	15-5000-10-83	15-5000-10-83
23	3" Elbow	4	15-5240-10-83	15-5240-10-83
24	3" T-Section, Center Ported	2	15-5160-10-83	15-5160-10-83
25	12" Clamp band Assembly	2	08-7300-03-83	08-7300-03-83
26	12" Clamp Band Wing Nut	4	08-6671-10	08-6671-10
27	12" Clamp Band Washer, 3/8"	4	04-6740-03	04-6740-03
28	Pump Stand Assembly	1	15-7651-10-83	15-7651-10-83
29	Sanitary Muffler (Not Shown)	1	15-3510-06R	15-3510-06R

#### Flap Valve Configuration<sup>3</sup>

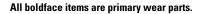
i iup v	iivo ooningaraatiin			
30	Flap Valve Body	4	15-5280-10-83	N/A
31	Flap Valve	4	15-1180-10-83	N/A
32	4" to 3" Reducer	4	15-5290-10-83	N/A
33	3" Manifold Gasket	12	*	N/A
34	4" Manifold Gasket	4	*	N/A
35	3" Clamp Band Assembly	12	15-7102-03	N/A
36	4" Clamp Band Assembly	4	15-7202-03	N/A

#### Valve Ball and Mushroom Valve Configuration

Valve	Dan anu musinooni varve conngulation			
37	Valve Seat	4	08-1127-10-83	08-1127-10-83
38	Valve Ball	4	*	04-1080-55
39	Valve Housing	4	08-5461-10-83	08-5461-10-83
40	Ball Retainer	4	08-5430-10-83	08-5430-10-83
41	Mushroom Valve	4	15-1095-55	15-1095-55
42	Mushroom Valve Guide	4	08-5431-10-83	08-5431-10-83
33	3" Manifold Gasket	16	*	15-1375-55
35	3" Clamp Band Assembly	16	15-7102-03	15-7102-03

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Elastomer Chart

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 3}\,{\rm Teflon^{\it \$}}\,{\rm PTFE}$  and Ultra-Flex  $^{\rm \$}$  diaphragms not available with flap alve configuration.





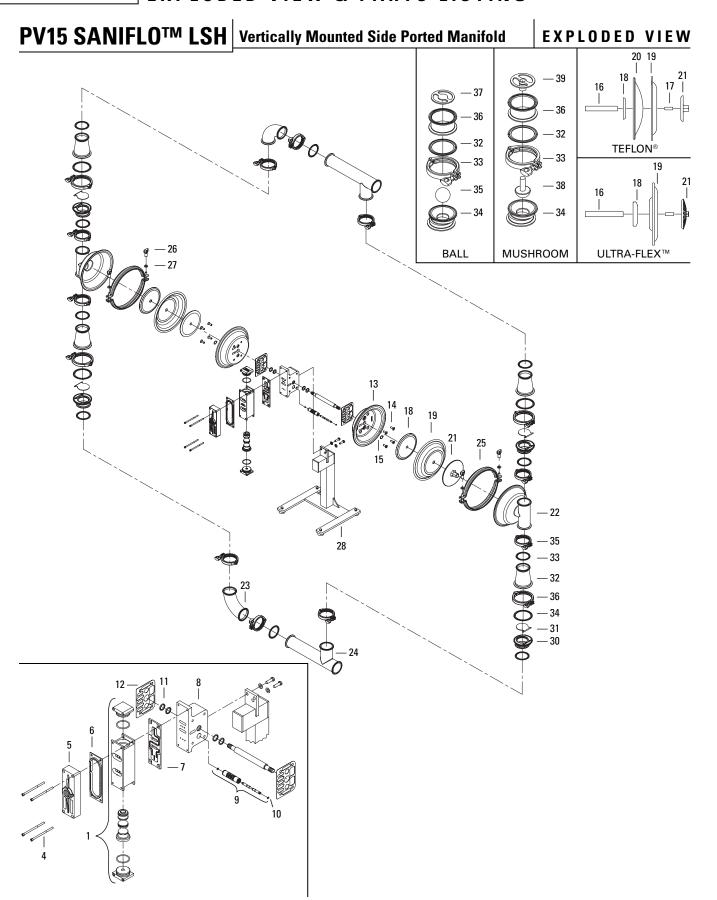
 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{\tiny 1}}$  Air Valve assembly includes items 2 & 3.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  Clamp band assembly (P/N 08-7300-03-83) includes items 27 & 28.



## PROFLO V

## **EXPLODED VIEW & PARTS LISTING**







## **PV15 SANIFLO™ LSH**

PARTS LISTING

			Rubber/TPE/Ultra- Flex™ Fitted	Teflon® Fitted
			PV15/SNNN/087	PV15/SNNN/087
Item	Description	Qty.	P/N	P/N
1	Air Valve, Pro-Flo V™, Nickel Plated¹	1	04-2030-06	04-2030-06
2	O-Ring, End Cap (-225) Buna	2	04-2390-52-700	04-2390-52-700
3	End Cap, Pro-Flo V™, Nickel Plated	2	04-2340-06	04-2340-06
4	Screw, SHC, 1/4"-20 X 4.5"	4	01-6000-03	01-6000-03
5	Muffler Plate, Pro-Flo V™, Nickel Plated	1	04-3185-06	04-3185-06
6	Gasket, Muffler Plate	1	04-3502-52	04-3502-52
7	Gasket, Air Valve	1	04-2620-52	04-2620-52
8	Center Block, Pro-Flo V™, LSH Nickel Plated	1	08-3120-06	08-3120-06
9	Removable Pilot Sleeve Assembly	1	04-3880-99	04-3880-99
10	Pilot Spool Retaining O-Ring	2	04-2650-49-700	04-2650-49-700
11	Shaft Seal	4	08-3210-55-225	08-3210-55-225
12	Gasket, Center Block, PV4-PV15	2	04-3529-52	04-3529-52
13	Air Chamber, Pro-Flo V™, Nickel Plated	2	08-3660-06	08-3660-06
14	Screw, HSFHS, 3/8"-16 x 1"	8	71-6250-08	71-6250-08
15	Retaining Ring	2	04-3890-03	04-3890-03
16	Shaft, Pro-Flo®	1	08-3810-03-83	08-3840-09
	Shaft, Pro-Flo®, Ultra-Flex™	1	08-3841-03	N/A
17	Shaft Stud	2	N/A	08-6152-08
	Shaft Stud, Ultra-Flex™	2	08-6150-08	N/A
18	Inner Piston	2	08-3700-01	08-3750-01
	Inner Piston, Ultra-Flex™	2	08-3761-01	N/A
19	Diaphragm	2	*	08-1010-55
20	Backup Diaphragm	2	N/A	08-1060-51
21	Outer Piston	2	08-4550-10-72	08-4600-10-72
	Outer Piston, Ultra-Flex™	2	08-4560-10-83	N/A
22	Liquid Chamber	2	15-5000-10-83	15-5000-10-83
23	3" Elbow	2	15-5240-10-83	15-5240-10-83
24	3" T-Section, Side Ported	2	15-5170-10-83	15-5170-10-83
25	12" Clamp band Assembly	2	08-7300-03-83	08-7300-03-83
26	12" Clamp Band Wing Nut	4	08-6671-10	08-6671-10
27	12" Clamp Band Washer, 3/8"	4	04-6740-03	04-6740-03
28	Pump Stand Assembly	1	15-7651-10-83	15-7651-10-83
29	Sanitary Muffler (Not Shown)	1	15-3510-06R	15-3510-06R

#### Flap Valve Configuration<sup>3</sup>

i iup v	valve configuration						
30	Flap Valve Body	4	15-5280-10-83	N/A			
31	Flap Valve	4	15-1180-10-83	N/A			
32	4" to 3" Reducer	4	15-5290-10-83	N/A			
33	3" Manifold Gasket	10	*	N/A			
34	4" Manifold Gasket	4	*	N/A			
35	3" Clamp Band Assembly	10	15-7102-03	N/A			
36	4" Clamp Band Assembly	4	15-7202-03	N/A			

#### Valve Ball and Mushroom Valve Configuration

Valve	ve ball alla Musiliothi valve Colliguration						
37	Valve Seat	4	08-1127-10-83	08-1127-10-83			
38	Valve Ball	4	*	04-1080-55			
39	Valve Housing	4	08-5461-10-83	08-5461-10-83			
40	Ball Retainer	4	08-5430-10-83	08-5430-10-83			
41	Mushroom Valve	4	15-1095-55	15-1095-55			
42	Mushroom Valve Guide	4	08-5431-10-83	08-5431-10-83			
33	3" Manifold Gasket	14	*	15-1375-55			
35	3" Clamp Band Assembly	14	15-7102-03	15-7102-03			

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Elastomer Chart

 $<sup>^3\,\</sup>text{Teflon}^{\$}$  PTFE and Ultra-Flex  $^{\text{TM}}$  diaphragms not available with flap alve configuration.





 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{\tiny 1}}$  Air Valve assembly includes items 2 & 3.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}$  Clamp band assembly (P/N 08-7300-03-83) includes items 27 & 28.





## **ELASTOMER OPTIONS**

#### PV8 and PV15 SANIFLO™ LSH

MATERIAL	DIAPHRAGMS (color code)	ULTRA-FLEX DIAPHRAGMS (color code)	VALVE BALL (color code)	3" FLANGE GASKET (color code)	4" FLANGE GASKET (color code)
FDA Buna-N	08-1010-69 (2 red dots)	08-1020-52 (red dot)	04-1080-69 (yellow dot)	15-1375-69 (yellow dot)	15-1215-69 (yellow dot)
FDA EPDM	08-1010-74 (2 blue dots)	08-1020-54 (blue dot)	04-1080-74 (orange dot)	15-1375-74 (orange dot)	15-1215-74 (orange dot)
Saniflex™	08-1010-56 (cream)	N/A	04-1080-56 (cream)	N/A	N/A
Teflon® PTFE	08-1010-55 (white)	N/A	04-1080-55 (white)	15-1375-55 (white)	15-1215-55 (white)
FDA Wil-Flex™	08-1010-57 (off-white)	N/A	04-1080-57 (off-white)	N/A	N/A

**Note:** Teflon® PTFE and Ultra-Flex™ diaphragms not available with stainless steel flap valves.



#### WARRANTY

Each and every product manufactured by Wilden Pump and Engineering, LLC is built to meet the highest standards of quality. Every pump is functionally tested to insure integrity of operation.

Wilden Pump and Engineering, LLC warrants that pumps, accessories and parts manufactured or supplied by it to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of five years from date of installation or 6 years from date of manufacture, whichever comes first. Failure due to normal wear, misapplication, or abuse is, of course, excluded from this warranty.

Since the use of Wilden pumps and parts is beyond our control, we cannot guarantee the suitability of any pump or part for a particular application and Wilden Pump and Engineering, LLC shall not be liable for any consequential damage or expense arising from the use or misuse of its products on any application. Responsibility is limited solely to replacement or repair of defective Wilden pumps and parts.

All decisions as to the cause of failure are the sole determination of Wilden Pump and Engineering, LLC.

Prior approval must be obtained from Wilden for return of any items for warranty consideration and must be accompanied by the appropriate MSDS for the product(s) involved. A Return Goods Tag, obtained from an authorized Wilden distributor, must be included with the items which must be shipped freight prepaid.

The foregoing warranty is exclusive and in lieu of all other warranties expressed or implied (whether written or oral) including all implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for any particular purpose. No distributor or other person is authorized to assume any liability or obligation for Wilden Pump and Engineering, LLC other than expressly provided herein.

#### PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE AND FAX TO WILDEN

PUMP INFORMATION			
Item #	Serial #		
Company Where Purchased			
YOUR INFORMATION			
Company Name			
Industry			
Name		Title	
Street Address			
City	State	Postal Code	Country
Telephone Fax	E-mail		Web Address
Number of pumps in facility?	_ Number of W	/ilden pumps?	
Types of pumps in facility (check all that apply):   Diaphragm	n Centrifu	ugal 🗌 Gear	Submersible Lobe
Other			
Media being pumped?			
How did you hear of Wilden Pump?	Trade Show	w Interr	net/E-mail Distributor
Other			

ONCE COMPLETE, FAX TO (909) 783-3440

NOTE: WARRANTY VOID IF PAGE IS NOT FAXED TO WILDEN